Critical Lens Essay

First draft (1000 to 1250 words): 10/15 by midnight

Final draft (1250-1500 words): 10/24 by midnight

A lens essay is a type of comparative paper that analyzes one text through the viewpoints expressed in another. Generally, the lens should reveal something original about the "target" text. Alternatively, your analysis may call the validity of the arguments of the lens piece into question, extend the arguments of the lens text, or provoke some other reevaluation of the two texts. Either way, you will be generating a critical dialogue between texts.

Texts and Resources

You must use one topic section text as the lens text. Since we're going for an application of theory, we need one that has a theoretical bent. A theoretical text contains a proposed way of thinking about potentially related events. For this essay, you can choose either: Lennard J. Davis, "Constructing Normalcy", or T. Benjamin Singer, "From the medical gaze to sublime mutations: The ethics of (re)viewing non-normative body images".

In addition, you are required to research and cite at least one text you **have not** used in the Narrative Medicine seminar. The second source can be any medium, scholarly or popular: movies, songs, poetry, images, journal articles, video games, short stories etc. Pretty much everything is available for the "target" text. Want to look at American Apparel ads through the lens of Singer's "From the Medical Gaze to Sublime Mutations"? Go for it! It can be done. Or, apply Davis' theory about how normalcy is constructed to X-men comic books/movies, or army recruitment ads, or the fashion industry, or.....The possibilities are near limitless.

This is an opportunity to see how theory works in the real world. Be creative (but extremely well-organized).

How to write a "lens" essay

First, read the lens text to identify the author's core arguments and vocabulary. Since theoretical or critical texts tend to be dense and complex, it may be helpful to develop an outline of the author's primary points.

Next, read/view/listen to the target text to develop a general idea of its content, ask yourself:

- Where do I see general points of agreement or disagreement between the two texts?
- Which of the lens text's main arguments could be applied to the target text?

Focus on one (or two) of the lens text's central arguments. This is a complicated form so keep the content tightly focused.

With these ideas in mind, go back and read/listen to/ view the target text carefully, through the theoretical lens, ask yourself the following question: What are the main components of the lens text and what are their complementary parts in the target text?

For each point of the lens text there should be a complementary point in the target text (this will be the main content for your body paragraphs). For example, maybe you're using Wainaina's "How to Write about Africa" as a lens and Iggy Azalea's "Bounce" as a target text. You've decided that the overall message of Wainaina's text is that western media portrays Africa and Africans in a way that perpetuates a feeling of superiority in the West over Africa(ns). You've chosen an example from the Wainaina text that details the types of African people (stereotypes) portrayed by western media. After you've explained why how/why the representation of the people in the Wainaina text supports his main argument, look to the Azalea video for a complementary point. Are the people in the Azalea video depicted in a similar or different way? Are they stereotypical depictions or everyday people? Does the representation of people in Azalea align with or contradict Wainaina's point?

Then move to another example, and do the same thing. There are no set number of examples that you have to choose. You could do an in-depth exploration of one point; however, three—I think—is the most you could adequately develop in an essay this length.

A few notes: Remember to try to apply the lens author's theoretical vocabulary or logic to instances in the target text. Use the language of the lens text to contextualize the target. The lens author is making an argument. They've carefully chosen vocabulary to express and support that argument. Why not benefit from their hard work? Look at, and borrow, their language. Quote short phrases, use their verbs, and even borrow short, specialized phrases. Using the language of the target text will align your own essay with both tone and content of the foundation work. This is a good thing.

Also, note whether there instances where the lens text's arguments don't or can't apply? Each lens/target pairing may express the same relationship or it might be different. That's fine. It's very rare that texts will be totally compatible. Just be sure to clearly delineate each relationship.

Writing the introduction and thesis

As your paper concerns the complex interactions between multiple texts, it is important to explain what you will be doing the introduction. The introduction should:

- clearly introduce the lens text and the specific argument(s) you will be employing or evaluating;
- introduce the target text and the specific theme(s) or event(s) you will be addressing in your analysis.

These introductions of texts and themes should lead into a thesis statement. Make sure the thesis statement identifies the main points of interaction you will be discussing, and explains what your critical or theoretical analysis of the lens text reveals about the target text(s).

Frames in the body

This is a complex essay, so it needs to be very tightly organized. Using frames for main topic sentences of body paragraphs is an excellent way to maintain organization in the text. A frame might look something like this: The Wainaina (lens) text states X / that is extended/contradicted/redefined/supported by Y in the target text by/because (give your reason for the stated relationship). Frames should be varied so the essay isn't repetitive, but there should be a clear statement of relationship in/near the beginning of every comparative section. The last sentence of each body section should refer directly back to your thesis statement. How does the section you've just completed relate to your argument in the thesis statement?

Note: Section doesn't mean paragraph. You may have a lot of content in a section; it may take you two or three paragraphs to fully explain and compare the identified content. Frames are for the main topic sentence. Within sections, you can use transition words to indicate that you're still engaged in the same discussion.

Conclusion

The conclusion of the paper should do what conclusions do. That is, restate the thesis; summarize all the main points from the body; then you can discuss the implications of the texts or offer a solution to the "problem" defined by your critical analysis. The conclusion is always a little more flexible, but the restatement of thesis and summary of main body points are required elements.

Criteria	Questions
Content	1-45 Points
	Does the thesis statement clearly describe the
	points of interaction between the "lens" and
	"target" texts? Is the main argument of "lens" essay
	fully explained? Is the "lens" essay's main
	argument present in the analysis of each point of
	the "target" text? Is the "lens" author's theoretical
	vocabulary or logic applied to specific instances in
	the "target" text? Is the relationship between each
	lens/target pair clearly stated?
Development	1-45 Points
	Is each point of comparison fully explored with
	regard to how the "target" relates to the lens or vice
	versa? Is the "lens" text fully described? Is each
	"target" text example explicitly specifically
	connected to the "lens"? Is there wide use of
	specific evidence from each text? Is each point
	connected back to the thesis statement in some
	way?
Structure and Organization	1-35 Points
	Does the introduction clearly introduce the lens text
	and the specific arguments you will be employing
	or evaluating? Does the introduction present the
	target text and specific themes or events you will
	be addressing in your analysis? Do all main body
	sections open with strong topic sentences that state
	the main idea and describe the relationship that will
	be discussed in the section? Do the body
	paragraphs maintain the focus established by the
	critical lens? Are supplementary body paragraphs
	connected with transitions? Does the conclusion
	restate the thesis and summarize information
	presented in the body? Does the conclusion connect
	to a larger context by discussing the implications of
Language Use	the lens/target pair? 1-15 Points
Language Ose	Is language stylistically diverse? Is diction precise,
	accurate, and economical? Are sentences
	stylistically diverse?
Mechanics	1-10 Points
Wiccidines	Is there good control of grammatical conventions?
	Are MLA conventions appropriately used in both
	text and in the "works cited" section? If images are
	present, are they formatted appropriately? Does the
	essay conform to the requirements of the
	assignment?
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